THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4, 1866.

MR. JOHNSON is precisely in the position of Tyler and Fillmore.—*Pittsburgh Post.* Exactly.

THE last advices represent that the President does not talk ENGLISH as fluently as he did before the Connecticut election.

THE CIVIL RIGHTS BILL is now certain to pass over the veto. Men who started out with the President, having discovered that he wants to lead them into the camp of the copperheads and rebels, halt and turn back.

THE Postmaster General's action in reference to Sunday cars was incorrectly stated by us. The Union Passenger Railway Company have bought a contract for carrying mails across the city, and the Postmaster General has authorized them to fulfill this contract. Beyond this he has not interfered.

THE CABINET.—There are fresh rumors of Cabinet changes. The passage of the Civil Rights Bill over the President's veto, it is now stated, will secure the dismissal of Secretaries STANTON and HARLAN. It may be easier for the President to dismiss the incumbents than to get such successors as he would prefer confirmed.

THE RESULT IN CLEVELAND.—The result of the election of yesterday in this city will crush out totally the hopes of the Democracy. Notwithstanding the fact that the circumstances, by their own admissions, were most favorable to their own success, the Union men have set up against them a majority of 462, being a gain over the election of last fall of 208 Union votes.

THE Richmond *Whig* declares that "a distinct and well-defined administration party is the great want of the country. A new party formed on the principles indicated would absorb the Democratic party and attract the *conservative masses* (!) from the Republican ranks. If such a party is formed, it will doubtless receive all the patronage at the disposal of the President."

This is precisely the enterprise on which a good deal of effort has been expended the last six months, but all to little account.

CITY ITEMS.

Prices Advancing

For all kinds of cotton goods. Go at once to the great sale at

BARKER & CO., 59 Market street.

Bargains

In Dry Goods. We are still selling great bargains in everything.

BARKER & CO., 59 Market street.

Catarrh.

DR. Gardner, who has been meeting with great success in the treatment of Catarrh, will again visit this city, on Tuesday, April 17th, and remain here until the 21st. He treats catarrh by the use of warm medicated inhalation. Office Monongahela House. Read his advertisement.

Give It.

Because it is better and safer than anything ever given to have teeth extracted without pain. Laughing Gas, if good and properly given, can do no permanent injury, and the artificial teeth I give for ten dollars are unequaled anywhere for the price. C. SILL, Dentist, 26½ Penn street.

Brown's "Vermifuge Comfits."

Or Worm Lozenges, contain no form of mercury to which many worm remedies owe their efficacy. The ingredients are well calculated for the purposes they are intended to accomplish, having been used with success by eminent medical men in Europe. For sale at Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street.

House, Lot and Tannery at Auction.

The attention of the public is again directed to the sale this day, at 3 o'clock, of that large and desirable lot of ground in Woodville, Reserve township, fronting on the Woodville Plank Road, 280 feet by 16 feet deep, on which is a large frame house and a building suitable for a tannery. See advertisement in Auction sales, by A. Leggate, auctioneer.

Thomas W. Parry & Co.,

Practical Slate Roofers, and Dealers in American Slate of various colors. Office at Alexander Laughlin's near the Water Works Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. 78 Pike street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water proof. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused afte. it is put on.

A Moral Story About Fits.

We have heard of the doctor whose first treatment on being called to prescribe, was to throw the patient into fits—he being "death on fits." But the case has just come up for the first time, in which matrimony was prescribed as an antidote for fits. A few days ago a young couple desired to be married, but the father of the girl objected. The young man fell sick, had a constant succession of fits, and was declared as hopeless by his physician. The patient was willing to die, but begged that he might first be married. The father of the girl could not refuse the dying request, and consented. As soon as the ceremony was ended the sick man arose, took up his bed and bride, and started on life's journey a well man.

There is food for thought in this story for young men who are striving for wives under the same difficulties. When they are deliberating the question, we might suggest that to get good fits in the Boot and Shoe line, they should call at Robinson's, No. 61 Market street. The Boots and Shoes kept there fit the feet, and the prices fit the thinnest pockets. Call and see for yourself.

Ladies' Spring Hats

All the new styles of Ladies' and Misses' Hats, Gents' Fire-felt and Cassimere Hats; Men and Boys' Caps of all the latest styles, can be purchased at Wm. Flemings, No. 49, Wood street, at lower prices than at any other house in the country, also, a large stock of Children's Fancy Hats and Caps; our stock of Gents' and Boys' Hats consists in part of the Dasher, Dahlgreen, Saratoga, and Reconstructionist. The above mentioned goods are sold at exceeding low prices. Ladies' Hats trimmed or untrimmed, or trimmed to order. Ladies or gentlemen wanting anything in our line, would do well to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, No. 139 Wood street, sign of the large Golden Hat.

Irresponsible Counterfeiters.

One of the most serious annoyances which the proprietors of an article in unusual demand have to encounter is the piratical imitation of it by parties equally unscrupulous and irresponsible. If an individual or a firm with *means* engages in this nefarious business, the fact will soon be rendered by a court of law, and the offense are collectable, and it is some satisfaction to the party wronged that the wrongdoer is made to suffer; but in most cases the *pirates* are *men of straw*, who cannot respond in dollars to the law's award.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters being a *Standard Tonic*, marketable every where, and representing the value affixed to it as accurately as a National Bank bill represents the amount expressed on its face, has been extensively counterfeited and simulated. The proprietors have spent many thousand dollars in *hunting up* and *hunting down* irresponsible individuals and firms who have given their minds to this dirty work. These parties—some of them, at least—have a way of changing their base, though they never change their *baseness*. When an injunction is laid upon them in one part of the country they sometimes "vamoose" to another, and try the trick again. In some cases it is necessary to kill them two or or three times over. Perhaps the best thing that can be done under these circumstances is to *lay an injunction* upon all who use the Sitters to buy only of dealers whom they can trust. In every city, town and village in the United States and British America this famous tonic, alterative and protective medicine may be procured of reliable men of business.

Hostetter's Bitters

Are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Fourth street.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOLUME LXXX.---NO. 79. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4, 1866. PRICE THREE CENTS.

THE LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, April 2, 1866.

SENATE.

Mr. Bigham read in place an act authorizing the National Railroad and Transportation Company to purchase the works of the Connellsville Railroad, at Connellsville, and the Baltimore and Ohio and Southern Pennsylvania Railroad Companies to hold stock in said Company.

Mr. White introduced joint resolutions instructing our Senators and requesting our Representatives to vote for a law that will equalize bounties.

HOUSE.

The following private bills passed: One to authorize the School Directors of any ward, borough or township, to assess an amount to close up the bounty tax in Allegheny county. One to divorce John Henry Burgess and Elizabeth his wife. An act relative to roads, alleys, &c in Lawrenceville. An act relative to fees in post mortem examinations in Allegheny county. A supplement to the Charters Valley Railroad. An act relative to the fees of persons in Allegheny county. An act to authorize the Directors of the Fourth ward, Pittsburgh, to use money for building purposes.

The act to repeal the act repealing the charter of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, was indefinitely postponed, by a vote of 41 to 39. An act to incorporate the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Manufacturing Company.

MEXICAN LOAN IN CONGRESS.

Government Advertising Patronage.

OIL A COMBUSTIBLE COMMODITY.

The Adjournment of Congress.

THE FENIAN WAR FUNDS, &c., &c., &c.

NEW YORK, April 3.—The House Committee on Foreign Relations are nearly unanimous against the proposition to endorse the Mexican bonds to either fifty millions of dollars or any other amount. There are in all probably less than twenty members in the House who have vote for any such measure, and all stories set afloat by interested parties are entitled to very little credit. The lobby engaged upon it are persistent in their button-holing of members and making huge promises, but it is of no avail.

The President yesterday issued an order to the various departments withholding all advertising patronage from the *Chronicle*. It is understood that all papers that fail to sustain the reconstruction policy of the President will be treated likewise, and the advertising will be given to Democratic papers.

General Grant, in general orders yesterday, announcing the death of Gen. Seth Williams and Col. Theodore S. Bowers, lately his Adjutant General, pays an eloquent tribute to their memories as men and soldiers, and directs that all officers of the Adjutant General's Department wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

The *Herald's* special says: A strong effort is being made in Congress to repeal the delinquent tax payers, to abolish the Revenue detective system which has been so successful in discovering the frauds in the Government revenue. The fact that some of these parties, who had been defrauded by these officers is trying to defraud the Government, were discovered in this movement, has defeated the scheme, and has not left any too good an impression in regard to the Assessors and Collectors who lent themselves to this scheme in behalf of the delinquent tax payers.

Prof. J. D. Below was before the Reconstruction Committee yesterday, and gave his testimony on the status of the South. His account is said to have been substantially that the Southern people are in a fair condition for reconstruction.

One of the two expert professors of chemistry, to whom the Secretary of the Treasury referred the investigation to the inflammable or non-combustible qualities of petroleum, responded. His opinion is unqualifiedly that that commodity is combustible. The remainder of the law will not consequently special licenses for transporting it must be taken out before it can be carried on passenger vessels. The other expert has not responded.

The sub-committee on Ways and Means had another protracted session over the tax bill yesterday. They failed to reach any conclusion in regard to the taxing or exempting of the income tax. It is very doubtful now if the House will agree to any alteration, for the present, of that measure, and the Committee have been advised to that fact.

There has been an informal meeting of the Radicals in regard to the question of adjournment. After a full and free conference it has been decided to protract the session until the latest period. A majority are in favor of holding on until September 1st, has first been decided to go to York and adjourn and postpone the regular business for two or three months yet. The object of this new move has not yet transpired, but it is supposed to have considerable political significance.

The *Herald* says: A larger quantity of funds than has been received for some time came into the O'Mahoney Fenian headquarters yesterday. The Irish Fenians who had to fly to this country held a convention yesterday at No. 267 Bowery. They were interrupted by officers from Union and Jefferson Squares, composed of by the police. The Convention sent a committee to ask the Killian O'Mahoney leaders what they are doing with the immense sums received for I. R. B. war purposes. The Senate meets on Monday, April 9th.

A mass meeting of laboring people, composed of men said to number 3,000 in all, in Tompkin's Square yesterday afternoon, to consider the rent question. Addresses were delivered in German and English, and resolutions passed calling upon the Legislature to pass a remedy against exorbitants and rapacious house owners and agents.

From New Orleans and Galveston

NEW ORLEANS, April 2.—The schooner Fanny, hence from Türk's Island, returned with four feet water in the hold. Half her cargo was thrown overboard.

The property of the parish of Plaquemine, belonging to the late Lucian Bonaparte, was sold recently for $30,000.

The company sent two months ago to look into reported Liberal depredations in Morehouse and Lowall parishes, returned, having found all quiet in those localities.

Red River navigation is excellent, and cotton boats are actively engaged in bringing down cotton.

Large numbers of Virginians and Tennesseans are here—people of the Confederacy—all trading with the South.

The Southern Methodist Conference is in session. It is largely attended.

The Episcopal Convention is to assemble on Thursday, to elect a successor of Bishop Polk.

The Grand Jury report all the asylums in a prosperous condition, and containing 400 orphan children. An insane Parish prison contains 200 prisoners awaiting trial.

The week's mortality is 106. The report is favorable, there being but few fevers and no epidemic tendency.

GALVESTON, April 1.—The cotton is up and promising, silk cotton approximating. The sea islands are largely planted. Corn is retarded, but wheat is admirable and promising in Texas. The harvest promises to be the largest ever reaped. There are immense exports of cattle. The people talk of agriculture and trade, and are indifferent about politics.

The Late Fire at Petroleum Centre.

PETROLEUM CENTRE, April 3.—The heaviest losses by the disastrous fire which occurred on the Hyde & Egbert farms on Saturday morning were: G. H. Haldeman, 4,000 barrels oil in tanks and barrels, and 2,000 empty barrels. Haldeman & Hassan, 3,000 barrels oil in tanks, insured. Hyde & Egbert, 325 barrels oil in tanks, on the creek. J. P. Coates, 1,000 barrels of oil in tanks. Insured in the Home Insurance Company, of New Haven, Connecticut. Captain Chatterton lost three of eight boats and barges, valued at about $4,000. J. R. Freck lost 2,000 barrels of oil, mostly in tank. He also owned the Pittsburgh House, a large hotel, and a warehouse, which were destroyed. His loss altogether is about twenty thousand dollars. He had $3,000 insurance on the hotel in an Eastern company. Among the number of wells burned are the following: The Coquette, Olive, Branch, Hallister, Eagle, Jersey and Maple Shade. The Coquette Company lost 12,000 barrels of oil, and the Olive 6,000 barrels. The Jersey put down at 25,000 barrels of oil, and $125,000 in property. Twenty boats and barges loaded for shipment were also destroyed.

From Havana—Insurrection Impending—Belaklation.

HAVANA, March 24.—Since Wednesday night there has been a report of negro insurrections on Oreda's plantations, and also on the estate of Martin Hennedez and on two others near Balondrion. The Government sent, this morning, some cavalry, and infantry are now preparing to go to the scene of the trouble. There is little to danger to be apprehended of a general insurrection at present, but many feel that it will come sooner or later.

There has been a large defalcation discovered in the military treasury. There are also large deficits in the Custom House and other departments.

The United States gunboat Mackinaw has been in port several days and leaves to-morrow for St. Thomas. Capt. Drake has not been well, but is improving.

The health of the Island is very good. We have less sickness of any kind than usual at this season.

Fire in Boston—Judgment Confirmed.

BOSTON, April 3.—A fire broke out last night in 164 and 166 Devonshire street, which was principally confined to the sixth story of the buildings. Mr. D. C. Griswold, a dry goods dealer, occupying the lower floors, suffered loss to the amount of $7,000, which was mostly by water. He was insured for $5,500 in Boston and the balance in New York offices.

The Supreme Court this forenoon, in the case of Edward Green, the Malden murderer, decided against the writ of error applied for, and confirmed the previous judgment of the Court appointing him to execution.

NEW JERSEY SENATORSHIP.

Interference of the President.

POSITION PROMISED SCOVIL.

CATTELL NOMINATED FOR SENATOR.

TRENTON, N. J., April 3.—This morning the resolution to go into joint meeting with the House of Assembly to elect a United States Senator again came up in the New Jersey Senate. Senator Scovel addressed the Senate at length, declaring that he could not surrender his position without dishonor and that he would adhere to it to the end. A vote to go into joint meeting was then taken and lost by 10 to 7. Two senators were absent who would have voted against the resolution. When the result was announced, there were hisses in the lobby and the greatest excitement prevailed. Senator Scovel in his speech was particularly severe upon Mr. Cottell and Mr. Robinson, of Camden, denouncing them as having flourished and grown rich upon the sufferings of the people in the recent civil war. He offered to vote for any man who entertained the views that he did. He was nothing. He did not desire his own election. He did not want the position himself, but he never could and never would submit to the dictation of any party clique.

The Philadelphia *Telegraph*, of to-day, in some remarks on the New Jersey Senatorship, says: But not Mr. James M. Scovil, produce this morning, on the boat in which he crossed the Delaware river, a letter direct from Andrew Johnson, signed by the President, in which he promised to give Mr. Scovil any position under the Government, provided he could secure the election of a conservative from New Jersey, or prevent the choice of a radical! Did not Mr. Scovil show the letter to a gentleman from Atlantic City? Does not this form an explanation of the strange conduct and the eccentric behavior of that honorable gentleman! We say emphatically that it does; that such a letter was exhibited, and that the solution of Mr. Scovil's conduct appears probable in this light. We can prove what we assert.

NEW YORK, April 3.—The following telegram is said to have been received at Trenton yesterday:

LANCASTER, PA., April 2nd, 1866.

To Hon. J. M. Scovil:

By all means go into Convention and send a radical. Don't defeat the interests of the nation, which are at stake. No man would live under the odium of having prevented the addition of a true man to a doubtful Senate.

THADDEUS STEVENS.

TRENTON, N. J., April 3.—The Senate met this afternoon but adjourned within five minutes after the House meeting. Governor Ward was present in the House. A resolution endorsing President Johnson partly, and censuring him for his veto of the Civil Rights bill, was debated and passed. A resolution was offered to place the portrait of Abraham Lincoln by the side of Washington. An amendment was offered to procure one also, of Andrew Johnson, which was lost. The Republicans held their caucus this evening, and nominated Hon. A. E. Cattell for Senator. Mr. Scovel was not in the caucus.

RUMORED FENIAN FLEET EQUIPPING.

Supreme Court and the Test Oath.

PROPOSED OCEAN RACE.

Distillery Fraud Case Decided.

AN EXCITING FENIAN MEETING.

NEW YORK, April 3.—The *Express* has a rumor of the equipping and putting to sea of a fleet of vessels commanded by experienced officers, and that certain prominent Fenians are absent from their accustomed posts.

At the cotton sales at auction to-day, on Government account, 2,000 bales sold at 44½@45, middling Savannah brought the latter price; good middling Florida, 44½; middling Memphis and Nashville, 38½; Sea Island, 56@61.

Orders have been issued to the Metropolitan police for the summary arrest of all beggars, including children who sweep crossings.

The *Commercial's* Washington special says: The Supreme Court will soon decide on the constitutionality of the test oath. Five of the Judges oppose it, and but one of them thinks it prudent to postpone the decision, and follow the opinion of the four who advocate the oath, in the postponement of the decision.

Intelligence has been received of the departure on the steamship from San Francisco, of Mr. Cade, the Senator elect from California.

A special to the *Express* states that the Ways and Means Committee are not ready to report the tax bill to Congress. The Committee propose to reduce the tax from fifty to seventy-five million dollars. It is also proposed to reduce the taxes on labor, and to exempt all incomes below one thousand dollars.

Funeral of Wm. S. Pierce.

PHILADELPHIA, April 3.—The funeral of the late Wm. S. Pierce, late commercial editor of the *North American*, took place this morning. It was attended by Mayor McMichael and a delegation from the Corn Exchange, members of the press, club, and a large number of his personal friends.

Gen. Hooker Convalescent.

NEW YORK, April 3.—The gallant Major General Hooker is gradually recovering from the severe illness which has confined him to his room for the last three months. He appeared on the street to-day, leaning upon the arm of an attendant.

Cincinnati Municipal Election.

CINCINNATI, April 3.—The municipal election yesterday resulted in the election of the Union ticket, with about three thousand majority. Twelve Union men, five Democrats and one Independent are elected to the City Council.

Leavenworth Municipal Election.

ST. LOUIS, April 3.—The entire Union ticket for city officers, headed by ex-Governor Carney for Mayor, was elected in Leavenworth, Kansas, yesterday. The vote was the largest ever cast in the city.

THE INDIANA CONSPIRACY CASE.

U. S. Supreme Court Decisions.

LIBERAL VICTORY IN MEXICO.

French Troops for Vera Cruz.

Telegram from Thad. Stevens,

CATTELL NOMINATED FOR SENATOR.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—The United States Supreme Court has decided in the Indiana conspiracy case, that the writ of habeas corpus ought to be issued to take Bowles, Mulligan and Horsey from military custody, and that the military commission which tried them had no loyal jurisdiction. A large number of decisions were delivered by the United States Supreme Court.

This afternoon Chief Justice Chase read a paper, of which the annexed is a copy: Ex parte in the matter of Lambdill P. Milligan, petitioner, the following order is directed by a majority of the Court to be entered in this cause, and the like order will be entered in No. 385, ex parte in the matter of William A. Bowles, petitioner, and No. 576, ex parte in the matter of Stephen Hussey, petitioner. This cause came on to be heard on the transcript of the record from the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Indiana, and on the points and question, in which the said Judges of the Circuit Court were opposed in opinions, and which were certified to this court for its opinion agreeably to act of Congress in such cases made and provided, and was argued by counsel. On consideration whereof, the court is of the opinion, first, that on the facts stated in said petition and exhibits, a writ of habeas corpus ought to be issued according to the prayer of said petition and exhibits; second, that on the facts stated in the said petition and exhibits the said Lambdill P. Milligan ought to be discharged from custody, as in said petition prayed, according to an act of Congress passed March 3d, 1863, entitled an act relating to the habeas corpus and regulating judicial proceedings in certain cases; and third, that on the facts stated in said petition and exhibits the military commission mentioned therein had no jurisdiction legally to try and sentence said L. P. Milligan in the manner and form as in said petition and exhibits are stated, and it is thereupon now hereby ordered and adjudged by this court that it be certified to the said Circuit Court. The Chief Justice said he was instructed to say that the opinions of the court in these cases were to be read at the next term, when such of the dissenting Judges as see fit to do so will state their grounds of dissent.

The cases of ex-parte, Garland, of Arkansas, and Mars, of Louisiana, asking to be re-admitted to practice at the bar of the Supreme Court, and involving the constitutionality of the Congressional test oath, together with the Missouri test oath cases and many others, are continued to the next term, the court having to-day adjourned until that time.

The following official letter, addressed to Gen. Alvarez, is communicated by him from La Peyrouse, dated March 1st, 1866, to Minister Romero, dated Suellamet, February 28th, 1866:

I have now the pleasure of communicating the news of the defeat of the imperial General Mendoz, which I gave in my last, having last night received the official dispatches. In a word the enemy lost all their reserve, their provisions, baggage and artillery, and the private correspondence of Mendoz, together with his military chest, in which was some $12,000, which is now in our hands, and what is more, the flower of the corps and a large number of prisoners. Pastarano was occupied on the following day in consequence of these successes. We have obtained other small triumphs in Apersingua and Trambo, all of which I hasten to communicate to you and to our compatriots in arms.

(Signed,) MARSHAL BENITO PEREZ JORNOS.

The following extract, from a letter from Paris, has been received in this city:

"PARIS, March 19th, 1866.—The principal object of these lines is to let you know that 3,200 man left here a few days ago for Vera Cruz, with the greatest secrecy. Among them are four hundred huzzars of Algiers, Brest and Cherbourg. The press has not mentioned anything about it, and the Emperor has told us that the American question, because they have been warned not to do so."

A telegraphic dispatch from Vienna published here day before yesterday, informs us that an agreement has been concluded with Maximilian, for the purpose of sending two thousand Austrians, to fill up the losses of the Austrian contingent in Mexico; the necessary expense will of course be defrayed by the French government.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON, April 3, 1866.

SENATE.

Mr. Sumner called up his resolution, offered yesterday, calling upon the Postmaster General and the Treasury to report to the Senate whether persons have been employed in their Departments, since December last, without taking the oath required by act of July 2d, 1862, to pass; which was agreed to.

The bill authorizing the President of the United States to transfer a gunboat to the Government of Liberia, was passed.

Mr. Morgan presented a memorial of the American Geographical and Statistical Society, praying for the publication by the Government of the results of the surgical history of the rebellion, which is in preparation under the direction of the Surgeon-General, and urging especially its importance, as showing the effect of Southern malarious locations upon Northern men, the result of the use of prophylactics against malarious diseases, the most successful treatment of gunshot wounds, and a crowded population; the effect of the exclusion of mercury and antimony under the administration of the Surgeon-General, and the facts relative to amputations, of large joints, etc.

On motion of Mr. Morrill, it was resolved that the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to enquire into the expediency of restraining by law the act of the second of March, 1863, so that the same shall not confer the right on Congress passed March 3d, 1863, entitled an act relating to the habeas corpus and regulating judicial proceedings in certain cases; and third, that on the facts stated in said petition and exhibits the military commission mentioned therein had no jurisdiction legally to try and sentence said L. P. Milligan in the manner and form as in said petition and exhibits are stated, and it is thereupon now hereby ordered and adjudged by this court that it be certified to the said Circuit Court. The Chief Justice said he was instructed to say that the opinions of the court in these cases were to be read at the next term, when such of the dissenting Judges as see fit to do so will state their grounds of dissent.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Notice is hereby given that hereafter all TRANSIENT advertisements received at this office must be paid for when handed in, except in the case of yearly advertisers, whose bills will be rendered quarterly, as usual. Advertisers will please make a note of this, as the rule of cash payments for advertisements of the character stated, will be indexibly enforced.

The price of our paper is THREE CENTS at the counter or from newsboys. Served by carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week.

ENGLISH REFORM BILL.

The British Parliament and People, as well as the Congress and People of the United States, are agitated at the present time by propositions to extend the right of suffrage. In Great Britain the question is not complicated by prejudices of color. The people whom it is proposed to enfranchise are of as fair complexions as the dominant classes. But prejudices of caste and condition are as unreasonable and dogged there, as prejudices of race and color are on this side the Atlantic. Most of the members of the aristocratic families feel as powerful a repugnance to allowing poor white men the right of voting, as white democrats—snobs or loafers—in this country do to admitting the blacks to participation in the elective franchise. Not an argument, nor an appeal to passion or antipathy, except the single one of color, is used by democrats here against manhood suffrage, but is as freely used by the British aristocracy against universal suffrage. This only illustrates how under the most diverse party designations, the same ideas and feelings are manifested.

The British aristocracy is essentially conservative, as all aristocracies are wont to be. It has been the habit, ever since Parliaments existed in England, for members of the House of Commons to sit with their hats on during the sessions. Mr. JOHN STEWART MILL, recently elected for the first time, has the audacity to contemn this venerable usage, by leaving his hat at the door. Considerable excitement has been created by this innocent and comfortable innovation. Conservatives are perplexed to discover the motives of the singularity, and in determining what dire results are likely to proceed from it. It is so flagrant a manifestation of the radicalism for which the eminent gentleman is noted that it is not to be patiently borne. What adds to its portentousness is the fact that it makes its appearance simultaneously with the new Reform Bill. Some occult connection is supposed to exist between the two.

This Reform Bill is an adulterated article. It is a half-measure—a compromise. It suits nobody; but is accepted by the radicals as the best adjustment that can be presently had, and is conceded by many of the conservatives through fear that if they refuse, a broader measure will ultimately be extorted. It applies neither to Scotland nor Ireland; but is restricted to England and Wales. It is estimated that its passage would add four hundred thousand to the number of voters, by reducing the annual value of the freehold or leasehold prerequisite to the exercise of the right of suffrage. The qualification in the rural districts is reduced to £14. In towns, it is a rental of £7. Beyond this, it is proposed to let men vote who can show that, in the space of two years, they have laid up in a Savings Bank the sum of £50.

This addition to the voting population of Great Britain would be nearly half as great as the addition to the electors of this country by permitting the blacks to vote on the the same conditions as the whites. Of course the aristocracy rely, in case the bill shall become a law, upon various causes to give them such substantial control over the new voters as shall perpetuate their ascendancy in the empire. Foremost among these influences is that sense of fealty, or subordinate loyalty, which vassals feel for the heads of houses upon which they and their progenitors have been dependent for many generations. To people born in this country and educated by its institutions, this sentiment is inexplicable. It is, nevertheless, one of vast power in all countries where monarchies have existed from time immemorial. How far aristocratic hopes or expectations, predicated on the potency of this sentiment, will be realized, cannot readily be foretold. The progress of opinion in Great Britain has not been small. A succession of radicals have been agitating the public mind, for a long period, upon the universality and inalienability of human rights. The masses are slowly coming to comprehend that they were not created for the special convenience and interest of the upper classes; that governments do not exist for the emolument and exaltation of rulers; and that they have, by nature, rights which Kings and nobles are bound to respect.

Besides, as intimated above, the radicals do not support this bill as a finality, but as a coigne of vantage by means of which fresh demands may be made and enforced. They do not mean to rest satisfied until all men upon whose shoulders burdens are laid for the maintenance of government are admitted to just and equal participation in the elections.

PLACEMEN.

The struggle between the President and Congress has had a serious effect on the nervous systems of some of the incumbents of comfortable offices in this Commonwealth. As a consequence, a few of them are making themselves more ridiculous than they really suspect. The radicals are making no exactions of them; do not want them to mix in the quarrel; desire them to attend faithfully to their official duties, and stay where they are as long as they can, and preserve their honors. The most of them are good men, and no disposition is felt by those who sustain Congress to force them to take sides in this matter. Has the President demanded of them conduct inconsistent with their allegiance to the principles on which the Republican party is founded? We have no evidence of such a demand. If it shall be made, their self-respect and their devotion to sound doctrines will prompt them to the right course. Till then they will do well to subdue their anxiety, and leave the event to Providence.

THE BOND ROBBERY.—The man who was arrested for robbing Mr. LORD, of New York, of $1,500,000 of government bonds and other securities, tried to make a bargain with the detectives. He proposed to divide with them the $200,000 offered for the recovery of the property. They assented, and then arrested him. This he resents as a breach of contract, and says they may do what they will with him, but he will not disclose where the bonds are concealed until sure of half the reward and his personal freedom besides. He accounts his enterprise a fair business transaction; and, to tell the truth, it is as honorable as many transactions recognized as legitimate in Wall street.

THE CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

Up to within a few days of the Connecticut Election, President JOHNSON "talked English" glibly, but the indications growing most unmistakable, towards the last, that HAWLEY would be elected, the President and his toadies gradually veered round, so as to be able to claim a victory, whether HAWLEY was elected or defeated. The countryman who shot at a calf, supposing it to be a deer, and missed it, explained his failure afterward by saying that he was not sure whether it was a calf or a deer, and in this uncertainty he aimed his shot so as to miss it if it was a calf and to hit it if it was a deer.

In order, however, that there may be no excuse for claiming the election of HAWLEY as an administration victory we put the following fact on record:

"A Johnson English meeting was held in Hartford last Tuesday evening, at which a telegram was read from Manton Marble, editor of the New York *World*, enclosing the following dispatch from Mr. Johnson:

"In reference to the elections, in Connecticut or elsewhere, I am for the candidate who is for the general policy and the specific measures promulgated in my annual message; veto message; speech of 22d February; and the veto message sent in today."

"There can be no mistake in this.

"I presume it is known, or can be ascertained, what candidates favor or oppose my policy or measures, as promulgated to the country. ANDREW JOHNSON."

We presume so, too; and in order to show that Gov. HAWLEY did *not* approve the points named above, we append the annexed extract:

"While Mr. Hawley, the Union candidate for Governor in Connecticut, was making a speech, an opponent put the following questions to him, and received the answers attached:

Question.—Do you approve the President's veto of the Freedmen's Bureau bill, and the message?

Answer.—No; if I had been a Senator, I should have voted with those who voted to pass the bill over the veto.

Q.—Do you approve the sentiments of President Johnson's speech delivered on the 22d of February?

A.—No.

Q.—Do you favor Negro Suffrage?

A.—I am in favor of giving the right of suffrage to the negroes who served in the army, and who can read.

Q.—Are you an Andrew Johnson man?

A.—I am nobody's man but my wife's, and I stand by the flag.

It is plain from this, the President himself being judge, that the administration was *not* in favor of HAWLEY, and the election of the latter is therefore a Radical victory.

MR. FOWLER, one of the applying Senators from Tennessee, and MR. HORACE MAYNARD, one of the applying members of the House from the same State, did excellent service in Connecticut in behalf of Gen. HAWLEY.

Governor PEIRPOINT, of Virginia, has addressed a strong letter to Senators VAN WINKLE and WILLEY, of West Virginia, earnestly and ardently supporting the course of the radicals in Congress.

There is not an earnest Unionist left in the Southern States who is not against the President's Policy.

Senator STEWART, of Nevada, who supported the President at first, is now voting with his old friends, the Republicans.

Governor COX, of Ohio, addressed a very clear and forcible letter to President Johnson, while the latter had the civil rights bill under consideration, urging him to sign the same. The Governor's course in this matter has given great satisfaction to the Union members of Congress.

The Union men of the nation are under obligations to the President for so much violence on his part as has served to sharply define the issue and point out the intended result.

ONE WARD H. LAMON, who was notorious as the United States Marshal of the District of Columbia during Mr. LINCOLN'S term, has published a letter in which he pretends to give Mr. LINCOLN'S latest ideas of the majority of the Republican party. "He knew," says LAMON, "the base designs of the Radicals to keep up the strife for their own advantage, and he was determined to thwart them." Mr. LAMON may think he can now blacken Mr. LINCOLN'S reputation with impunity, but fortunately we have Mr. LINCOLN'S own words for it, in his letter to Gen. WADSWORTH, that he did not see how he could extend universal amnesty to the South except upon the basis of universal suffrage; and there is not a radical in the land who would not gladly accept that solution of the difficulty. Mr. LINCOLN probably knew his own sentiments as well as Mr. LAMON did.

THE PROCLAMATION OF PEACE, published yesterday, contains several assumptions, devised to give color to the President's present position, which reflects the severest censure on his past conduct. He says that States cannot be constitutionally held "as territories, dependencies, provinces or protectorates," and that the States "are made equals and placed on a like footing as to political rights." If this be so, we do not see but the conclusion is inevitable that Mr. JOHNSON, when serving as Provisional Governor of Tennessee, was precisely what Mr. CLYMER called him, an usurper and despot.

MR. WM. HOPKINS, President of the Democratic State Convention, has published a card stating that no committee or subcommittee of that body was appointed to wait on President JOHNSON; that no such committee or sub-committee called on the President; that he and Senator BEARDSLEE, being in Washington the latter part of the week the Convention was held, saw the President and talked with him concerning the resolutions adopted; but that neither said a word about the candidate for Governor. No doubt Mr. HOPKINS tells the truth.

THE RUMP PRESIDENT.—The Saint Paul *Press* says: "If Congress is a rump, did it never occur to these interesting Jacobins that the President is also a Rump. Congress was elected by the votes of the people of twenty-five States, and he was elected President of the United States not by the votes of twenty-five States, nor even of one State, but by a single assassin's bullet. Booth was his sole constituency. If we have a Rump Congress, therefore, it strikes us that we have a decidedly Rumpish President, and if you are to call names it might be well to bear these facts in mind."

VICEROYALTY OF CUBA.—Lieutenant General Ducle, Marquis de Castellflorite and Senator of Spain, having resigned the office of Captain-General of Cuba, will probably be succeeded by General Olano, Director of Infantry, whose place will be given to General Cordova. It is affirmed that General Olano is a strong opponent of slavery and the slave trade, and, as Viceroy of Cuba, will not only discountenance but severely punish such infractions of the common law of humanity and justice.—*Phila. Press.*

The only true, genuine, sincere and earnest party in the country now, is the grand old conservative unconditional Union Democratic Party.—*Plaindealer.*

When Satan had a misunderstanding with the angelic hosts and started in business on his own account, he proclaimed himself the true grand old original unadulterated angelic devil. He succeeded in humbugging Eve, but Ithuriel showed him up in his own true colors.—*Cleveland Herald.*

A TREATY with the Seminoles has been concluded. The tribe cedes 18,000 acres of their reservation for the use of civilized Indians.

GENERAL NEWS.

THE ROBBERY OF MR. LORD was accomplished, according to the statement of Jones, the thief, who has been arrested, while Mr. Lord was in his office. Jones had four accomplices. At first he and one other called on Mr. Lord on business, and while Jones talked to him about the price of hops the accomplice took an impression of the safe key in wax. The key made from this impression, however, did not work well, and that plan was abandoned; but afterwards Jones and the four accomplices called on Mr. Lord to talk the hop business over, and while Jones engaged Lord in conversation, the latter's back being turned to the safe, the other four quickly robbed the safe of two tin boxes and two pocket books, which contained the treasure. The four then took their leave, pleading business elsewhere, leaving Jones to talk away to their victim until they were safely beyond pursuit. When they came to look at the great value of what they had stolen they were amazed, and surprised beyond expression. The five thieves had three "pals," and the stolen funds were divided among the eight—$237,000 to each, and then every one took the route from New York that suited him best. Jones is the only one arrested.

POSTMASTER Cleveland, of Hartford, who has just been converted to Democracy with the President's indorsement, is an orator of high inebriety, as the following report of a speech delivered by him April 7, 1859, and reported in the Hartford *Times* will show:

(*Enter Cleveland, adeances to front. In a loud voice, loquitur;*) "Yes, fellow-citizens, the *andor*, the proud bird of the *Condees*: the—the—th—the *andor*, (emphatic) the proud bird of the *Condees* (still more emphatic) —the proud bird of the *Condees*." (A voice—"What kind of a bird is that?" Another voice: "A Kansas screech-owl.") Cleveland appears to be slightly flustrated—but proceeds: "But, fellow-citizens, the *freagle, the bird of edom*, soars aloft and never lights, but with unflinching eye gazes on the blazing sun." Cleveland collapses with stew-pendous emotion, amid thunders of applause.

THEODORE TILTON writes of a recent visit to Washington: "One of the leaders of the Democratic side of the Lower House said to me frankly, 'I have never witnessed so much ability and integrity in any party of any Congress as on the present Republican side.' I happened to say to Chief Justice Chase, 'No Congress every more signally received the approval of the people.' To which he instantly replied, 'And none ever more signally deserved it.'"

The Memphis *Avalanche* contains an article glorifying the late Confederate army as no hireling soldiery, but "raised by the free, unconstrained, unpurchasable assent of noble men." This is followed by an article lauding President Johnson and denouncing Congress as a body of fools. To praise the Confederacy and Andrew Johnson in the same breath would have sounded much more oddly a year ago than it does now.

NEW EXPRESS COMPANY.—There is a new company forming, to be called the "Merchants Express Company," the stock of which is offered to the merchants of the country at large. The stock is $15,000,000, in shares of $100 each, and no one is allowed to subscribe more than 100 shares. The Company expect to have cars on all the principal eastern and western routes by midsummer.

A CHICAGO dispatch states that the fact is pretty certainly established that the man Herman, who claimed to have been robbed some week or ten days since on a Michigan Central sleeping car, of twenty-two thousand dollars, was never robbed at all. He has since failed in business in New York, and the pretended robbery was simply a dodge to blind the eyes of his creditors.

"WHEN every Democratic editor," says one Burr, the live copperhead C. Chauncey and not the dead copperhead Aaron, "will speak out his real thought, and say boldly and defiantly that he believes men like Gen. Robert E. Lee to be patriots, and men like Seward and Stanton to be traitors, there will be more honest men in the land than there are now."

A LETTER from Washington says: "All loyal men must rejoice at the renewal of cordial relations between Gen. Grant and Gen. Butler. That such relations are being reestablished I can assure you on the best authority. Gen. Butler will, without doubt, withhold from publication his vindication already prepared for the press."

A PROMINENT Southern rebel remarked in surprise, after reading the President's recent messages and speeches, that if this policy had been observed before the war there would have been no rebellion. The amount of this is that if the South is always allowed to rule and have its own way, it will not rebel.

THE RENEWED MARCH OF THE CHOLERA.—The cholera is said to have made its appearance in several districts in Germany —a warning to us we can hardly hope to escape the scourge. The large tide of emigration from German ports alone presents a source of danger which warns us to be vigilant.

A RESPECTABLY dressed, good-looking woman, was arrested on Tuesday in Milwaukee. She was very drunk, and had gathered a crowd around her, whom she was haranguing in denunciation of the abolitionists. She says she is a Southerner by birth, and seems highly educated.

A TENNESSEAN, formerly a wealthy slave and land-ower, now a resident of Arkansas, has notified Gen. Fiske of his intention to build school-houses on his large plantations for the colored people, and requests to be supplied with teachers by the Freedmen's Bureau.

A NEW HAMPSHIRE man has gone to England to represent the interest of twelve New Hampshire persons claiming to be heirs of the estate of Robert Wilson, who died at London 80 years ago, leaving property worth $60,000,000.

DUKE GWIN.—The *National Intelligencer* of Saturday, contains a feeler for the release of the infamous Pr. Gwin, who is still confined at Fort Jackson, near New Orleans. The next thing we will hear of will be the release of Gwin.

AT Urbana, Ill., a rich landlord, William H. Lock, has been mulcted in $6,750, for uttering slanderous words concerning Mrs. Nancy W. Brower, a poor woman who was his tenant, and with whom he had some difficulty.

IN Georgia, where Sherman's army made a sweep of all the carriages, the ladies now go visiting in carts. They call them *cartes de visite*, and console themselves with the thought that they are in the height of fashion.

DEPUE S. MILLER, President of the Stroudsburg Bank, Pennsylvania, has failed in a large amount; some say $60,000. He was indebted in the sum of $35,000 to the bank, which is secured.

CAPT. E. B. WARD, of Detroit, proposes to erect a rolling mill in Milwaukee, provided a suitable site can be obtained and the citizens of that city will contribute $100,000 to aid the enterprise.

A MEETING of clergymen in England has made the discovery that the cattle plague is owing to the government grant to the Catholic College of Maynooth, and the encouragement of popery generally.

THE Swiss journals complain of the rage for emigration which is just now manifested in the majority of the cantons of the confederation. Many are preparing their departure for America.

AT the breaking out of the rebellion, the Episcopal Church of South Carolina contained 2,673 slave communicants, and 2,679 whites. Thus one half the Church owned the other half.

GAMBLING is said to prevail to a frightful extent among the members of the Legislature. A member from New York City is said to have lost $40,000 in a single month.

WM. LLOYD GARRISON writes to the *Independent* that if he were a member of Congress, he should feel it his duty to vote for the impeachment of Andrew Johnson.

ONE of the lady graduates from Oberlin this year was born a slave in Washington, hired her time, bought her freedom, and prepared for college.

A FAST young lady, on being shown a tobacco plant, at Chatsworth, asked if it was the genealogical tree of the Cavendishes?—*Punch.*

A QUADRILLE of so intricate a series of figures has been introduced in Paris that it has been christened Trigonometry.

A GIRL in a paper mill, in Bangor, found a ring composed of thirty diamonds, among some rags she was picking.

POLITICAL.

THE UNION REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, will meet at the OFFICE OF F. M. MARSHALL, Esq., on THURSDAY, April 5th, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Punctual attendance is requested.
WM. ANDERSON, }
R. W. THOMAS, } Secretaries.
mh21:1aw&wtdF

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

CHARLES PUGH,

Of Manchester, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh22:d&wtc

FOR CLERK OF COURTS.

JOSEPH BROWNE,

Late of 102d Pennsylvania Volunteers and 5th Pennsylvania Artillery. Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. mh31:tfc

CONGRESS.—The friends of

HON. JOHN P. PENNEY

Will present his name to the Convention of the Union party, for nomination as a candidate for Congress in the 22d District. mh13:6wd

CONGRESS.

GENERAL JAS. S. NEGLEY

IS A CANDIDATE IN THE 22D DISTRICT.
mh9:1md

FOR SHERIFF,

SAMUEL B. CLULEY,

Subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh23:1td&wF

FOR SHERIFF,

CHARLES BARNES,

Late Colonel Sixth Reg. Pa. Heavy Artillery and Brev. Brig. Gen. U. S. A., subject to the action of the Union Convention. mh22:d&wF

FOR SHERIFF.

JOSEPH ROSS,

Of the First Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh19:tc

FOR SHERIFF.

CEN. S. B. M. YOUNG,

Late Colonel Fourth Pennsylvania Cavalry.
mh21:tc

FOR SHERIFF.

COL. JAMES M'K. SNODGRASS,

Of McKeesport, (late of the 9th Pa. Reserves,) will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the ensuing County Convention. mh20:tc

FOR CLERK OF COURTS,

DR. WILLIAM J. GILMORE,

Of Upper St. Clair Township. mh22-d&wtcF

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—A Stockholders' Meeting of the DUNCARD CREEK PETROLEUM COMPANY will be held at S. A. JOHNSON'S Law Office, No. 81 Diamond street, on FRIDAY EVENING, April 6th, at 7½ o'clock. By order of THE BOARD.
ap4:4d

BANK OF PITTSBURGH, March 31st, 1866.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD of Directors of this Bank, held this day, Mr. WILLIAM ROSEBURG was elected Cashier, and Mr. ROBERT M. CUST Assistant Cashier.
ap2:10td JOHN HARPER, President.

NOTICE.—There is now lying at the Allegheny Wharf, an OIL FLAT, 75 feet long, 15 feet 9 inches wide, 3 feet deep. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away or she will be sold according to law.
mh28:1wd D. D. DAVIS, Wharf Master.

TRADESMEN NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, March 28th, 1866.

THE NOTES OF THE CRAWFORD COUNTY BANK, Meadville; OIL CITY BANK, Oil City; FRANKLIN BANK, Franklin, and PETROLEUM BANK, Titusville, will not hereafter be redeemed by this Bank.
mh28:2t GEO. H. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF DRAYS, HACKS, &c.—Notice is hereby given to all owners of Drays, Carts, Carriages, Buggies, &c., whether resident or non-resident in the City of Pittsburgh, to pay their Licenses at the Treasurer's office of the City of Pittsburgh, FORTHWITH, in accordance with an Act of Assembly, approved March 30, 1860, and an Ordinance of the Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, passed April 16, 1860, and all persons who neglect or refuse to take out Licenses will be subject to a penalty, to be recovered before the Mayor, double the amount of the License.

The gold metal plates of previous years must be returned at the time Licenses are taken out, or pay 25 cents therefor.

RATES OF LICENSE:

Each One Horse Vehicle	$ 7 50
Each Two Horse Vehicle	12 00
Each Four Horse Vehicle	15 00
Each Two Horse Hack	15 00
Omnibuses, Four Wheels drawn by two horses,	$15 00 each.

For each additional horse used in any of the above vehicles, $1 00.

C. H. RICHARDS, City Treasurer.
PITTSBURGH, February 5th, 1865.—feb6:mavid

LECTURES.

NEW FRAMES FOR OLD PICTURES.

MISS SUSANNAH EVANS,

The young and gifted Orator, who delivered two lectures in Allegheny this season to crowded audiences, will deliver ONE LECTURE, entitled as above, in

EXCELSIOR HALL, ALLEGHENY,

ON THURSDAY EVENING, 5TH INST.,

Commencing at 7½ o'clock. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Ticket 25 cents; for sale at the Book and Drug Stores and at the door. No reserved seats.
ap3:td

DISSOLUTIONS.

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of TIERNAN & GETTY is dissolved by mutual consent, to date from April 1st, 1866.
P. TIERNAN.
R. P. GETTY.

The business of the firm will be settled at the old stand, 55 Ohio street, Allegheny City.

In retiring from the above firm I respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on the late firm, to my successor, R. P. GETTY. (ap3:3wd) P. TIERNAN.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—WILLIAM SMITH and EDWIN MILES retired from our firm on April 1st, 1866.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—ANDREW D. SMITH, RICHARD C. GRAY, CHARLES C. CALDWELL and DAVID M. SMITH were admitted as members of our firm, January 1st, 1866.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.
PITTSBURGH, March 26th, 1866. mh27:3td

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The co-partnership heretofore existing under the style of SMITH, PARK & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent, on January 1st, 1866. The affairs of the late firm will be settled by WILLIAM SMITH, who will continue the business.
WILLIAM SMITH,
JAMES PARK, Jr.
DAVID E. PARK.
PITTSBURGH, March 26th, 1866. mh27:3td

BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c.

NEW BOOK BULLETIN.

The latest New Books received at HUNT'S.

THE GRAHAME'S, a novel, by Mrs. Trafford Whitehead.

MRS. WOODS' NEW NOVEL, ST. MARTIN'S EVE.

AGASSIZ'S NEW BOOK, GEOLOGICAL SKETCHES.

ST. MARTIN'S SUMMER, by Anne H. M. Brewster.

MRS. SOUTHWORTH'S NEW NOVEL, THE FORTUNE SEEKER.

WHITTIER'S NEW POEM, SNOW BOUND.

M'ME LA MERMAND'S FORTUNE TELLER.

L'AFRICAINE, The Maid of Madagascar.

NEW YORK AFTER DARK; Dewitt's Illuminated Series.

THE PIRATE OF THE BAY. Latest number American Tales.

THE OCTOROON SISTER. Last number Dime Novels.

SCYROS, THE CORSAIR. Last number Ten Cent Novelette.

THE SCARLET WARRIOR. Last number Ten Cent Novels.

NEW SONG BOOKS.

Tony Pastor's Waterfish Songster.
Billy Holmes' Comic Lyrics.
No. 17 Beadle's Dime Song Book.

DAY'S AMERICAN READY RECKONER.
MARTIN'S SENSIBLE LETTER WRITER,

And numerous others, together with all the popular Magazines and other new Publications always can be had at

JOHN P. HUNT & CO.'S,
59 Fifth St., Masonic Hall.
mh30

SMITH'S

AMERICAN INK,

Exactly like ARNOLD'S FLUID, and about one-third cheaper. Give it a trial. It is endorsed by some of the first accountants in the county.
mh22 J. L. READ, 78 Fourth street.

EDUCATIONAL.

CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL.—WM. H. WAKEHAM, (whose health is completely restored,) will resume his professional duties, at the old School Room, East Commons, Allegheny, and will receive pupils for the half session, on MONDAY, April 9th, 1866. The attention of parents and guardians is respectfully invited. mh27:1wd

EXCELSIOR INSTITUTE.

AN ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

THIRTEENTH QUARTERLY SESSION will commence MONDAY, April 9th.

For terms, call at INSTITUTE ROOMS, NEVILLE HALL, corner of Liberty and Fourth sts., or address, for Circular,

Rev. W. S. GRAY, Principal.

☞Office hours, daily, from 10 till 12 A. M., and from 2 till 5 P. M. mh27:tfwd

ARCHITECT.

JAMES M. BALPH,

ARCHITECT,

Prepares EXPLICIT DRAWINGS and SPECIFICATIONS for all kinds of Buildings, and superintends their erection, on reasonable terms.
Office on ANDERSON STREET, between Lacock and Robinson street, ALLEGHENY CITY. mh21

BRICK MACHINES.

BRICK MACHINE.—THE NATIONAL BRICK MACHINE makes, with only two-horse power, 30,000 splendid Bricks per day, with well defined edges and uniform lengths. If the machine does not perform what we claim for it we will take it back and refund the money. Address ABRAM REQUA, General Agent, 1230 Broadway, New York. mh28:2moeod

WANTED.

WANTED—A Girl to do Cooking and general housework. Apply at the GAZETTE OFFICE. ap2:tf

WANTED—SITUATION.—BY A FIRST-CLASS BOOK-KEEPER, who understands his business thoroughly, and will furnish the most satisfactory references. Address W. J. D., Box 2326, Buffalo, N. Y. mh30:5td

WANTED—Home Employment. A GOOD MAN WANTED in every Town and County in the United States, to engage in an honorable business. First-rate pay allowed. The only qualifications required are tact and industry. Address, with stamp, for particulars, Dr. O. PHELPS BROWN, No. 19 Grand street, Jersey City, N. J. mh30:8td&wF

WANTED—AGENTS—Male and FEMALE, to sell HOLLAND'S (Timothy Titcomb) LIFE OF LINCOLN, "PETROLEUM V. NASBY PAPERS," (a book of true wit and humor,) CAPTAIN'S NEW STEEL ENGRAVING, "HOME, FROM ANDERSONVILLE," (a picture that should be in every house.) For terms apply or address, enclosing stamp, EMERY & HOWES, 129 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh15:6tMaw

WANTED—Good Agents to Sell SHERMAN AND HIS CAMPAIGN, GRANT AND HIS CAMPAIGNS, (the latter just out;) CHILD'S PRAYER, FIRST LESSON, (each pictures,) and THE AMERICAN INVENTORS. These are all new Books and Engravings, and agents can do better with them than with any other offered to the public. For full particulars, apply to or address ASHER ELLIS, 75 Third street, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh12:1yd3taw:mTW

WANTED.—$1,500 PER YEAR! —We want AGENTS everywhere to sell our IMPROVED TWENTY-DOLLAR SEWING MACHINES; three new kinds, under and upper feed; warranted five years. Above salary or large commission paid. The ONLY Machine sold in United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Buckeldee.* All other cheap Machines are INFRINGEMENTS. Circulars *free.* Address or call upon SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine. dev4eodtoa2wF

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A Good Route on the GAZETTE. Apply at THIS OFFICE ap3:tf

FOR SALE—FARM.—A Farm containing 110 acres, near Sewickley Station, on Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad. For terms, apply at the office of WM. DILWORTH, JR., corner of Grant and Seventh streets.
mh29:1wd&wF

FOR SALE—IN MANCHESTER— SEVERAL SMALL HOUSES, near the Passenger Railway. One of them a good Dining-room Stand. Reasonable terms, and immediate possession can be given, or they will be exchanged for unimproved lots in or near the Borough. Enquire of WILLIAM M. BLACK, near the Savings Bank. ap4:3td

FOR SALE—FLOUR AND PRO-DUCE BUSINESS, of over ten years standing, in a good location in the city. A fine opportunity is offered to any person wishing to engage in the Produce Business. All communications strictly confidential. Address P. O. 780, Pittsburgh.
mh22:tf

FOR SALE—IOWA LAND—$2,000 —ABOUT FOUR HUNDRED AND THIRTY ACRES OF LAND, situated near Webster City, Hamilton county, Iowa, (on the line of the Pacific Railroad,) is offered for sale for THIRTY-SIX DOLLARS, cash. Address "OWNER," GAZETTE OFFICE. fe26:tf

FOR SALE—A three-story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, containing eleven rooms, with gas and water, situate on River Avenue, Allegheny City, near the Mechanic Street Bridge. Lot 24 feet by 120 feet. Title indisputable. Terms moderate. Possession given immediately. For further particulars, apply to J. S. FERGUSON, No. 164 Fourth street. mh27:2wd

FOR SALE.—A Valuable Country Residence at Edgewood Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, one and a half miles from Wilkinsburg. Eleven acres 100 perches of Land; a fine new Dwelling containing ten rooms and cellar underneath. Fruit and other conveniences on the premises. For further information, call at No. 105 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, or on the premises.
mo7:dtf J. S. KING.

FOR SALE ON THE BIG SANDY RIVER.—I offer for sale the MINERAL RIGHT OF NINE HUNDRED ACRES, situated in and on the lands one mile above Peach Orchard Works. The COAL is in abundance, and of good quality. The veins are from FOUR to SEVEN FEET THICK. Persons wishing to purchase will call at the Kentucky House, Ashland, Ky. Terms cheap and reasonable. Address THOMAS RUSSELL, Ashland, Kentucky. mh9:1md

FOR SALE.—A valuable Store, Warehouse and Dwelling, in a commanding locality, at New Texas, Plum township, Allegheny county, with stable, commodious out-buildings, &c. This property is situated on one-half acre of good land, with excellent water and other facilities.

For terms and information apply to WM. M. MOFFETT, Attorney-at-law, No 60 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh23:2wd&wT

FOR SALE—A valuable Farm of 113 ACRES, in Penn township, Westmoreland county, about three miles from the Pa. R. R., of which there are 75 acres cleared and in good state of cultivation; balance well timbered; a good apple orchard bearing fruit of first quality. The improvements are a good house, a good well of water at the door; frame stable, granary, corn crib and sheep house. The whole farm well watered. Splendid prospects for oil on one mile from the farm; also at Murrayaville, about three miles away. For further particulars, enquire at the office of WM. B. HAYS, 351 Liberty street, up stairs. mh6:1m

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Lodging Rooms to RENT AFTER FIRST OF APRIL.—To twenty (20) respectable young men, in a central location, at low rates. References required. Address "LODGING," GAZETTE OFFICE. mh24:1wd

FOR RENT—A Country Seat, containing 15 acres of Rich Soil; large two-story Brick Dwelling, Barn, Stable, Orchard, Spring and Spring House, situated 2 miles from the bridge, opposite J. Knox's Fruit Gardens. Apply to
mh13 B. McLAIN & CO.

FOR RENT—The Lot on the corner of Butler and Allegheny streets, Ninth Ward, together with the old Brick Depot Building thereon. The lot has 181 feet front by 150 feet deep to an alley. Will lease it for five or ten years. Apply to WM. M. DARLINGTON, at No. 37 Fifth street, second floor. mh31tf

AUCTION SALES.

HOUSE, LOT AND TANNERY AT AUCTION.—Sale on WEDNESDAY, April 4th, at 3 o'clock P. M.—The large Frame House, Tannery and Stable, with large Lot, on which they are situated, in Woodville, Reserve township, half a mile from Allegheny City line, fronting on the Woodville Plank Road 200 feet, and running back 160 feet to the street, will be sold on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, April 4th, at 3 o'clock P. M. The house contains 7 rooms and halls. The Tannery is water and all suitable conveniences for the tanning business. About three-fourths of the ground is ornamented with fruit trees; whole premises admirably located. Adjoins the premises of George W. Evans. The special attention of buyers is invited to this sale. A. LEGGATE, Auct.
ap3:3t

LARGE SALE OF FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c., AT AUCTION.—On WEDNESDAY MORNING, at 9½ o'clock precisely, will be sold a large and extensive variety of Parlor, Dining Room, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture in mahogany and walnut. Also English Brussels, Ingrain, Hall and Stair Carpets, Mirrors, Cook Stoves, Venetian Blinds and Fancy Shades. This being a very large sale, we are compelled to commence earlier than usual. This is a rare opportunity for parties going to housekeeping.
ap3 T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct.

LARGE PEREMPTORY SALE OF **1800 ENTIRE PACKAGES** OF **DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN DRY GOODS, IN PHILADELPHIA.**

JOHN B. MYERS & CO., Auctioneers, Philadelphia, will sell on

Wednesday, April 4, 1866,

1,000 PACKAGES DOMESTIC GOODS, for Cash; 800 CASES FOREIGN GOODS, on a credit of four months, exclusively in whole pkgs.

The attention of Jobbers from all sections is invited, as every package offered will be positively sold, and the sale will embrace a large and varied assortment of the best Philadelphia and Eastern Manufactures. mh28:3td

CARPETS.

McCALLUM BROTHERS, No. 87 FOURTH STREET. We have on hand a very superior stock of

CARPETING

Of every description and every grade of quality. OIL CLOTHS, extra well seasoned, from 2 feet to 24 feet wide.

PIANO AND TABLE COVERS—Every kind in use.

HEARTH RUGS—From the finest quality to the lowest priced.

CANTON MATTING, COCOA AND MANILLA MATTINGS, &c.

ap4 McCALLUM BROTHERS, Formerly W. D. & H. McCallum.

HATS, CAPS, &c.

1866. **HATS, CAPS AND** 1866.

Straw Goods AT WHOLESALE.

McCORD & CO.,

131 *WOOD STREET,*

Ask particular attention of COUNTRY MERCHANTS to their IMMENSE STOCK OF SPRING HATS, etc., which they WILL SELL AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. McCORD & CO.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.

R. C. HOWARD

Has removed from Fourth street, to HOWARD'S LIVERY AND SALE STABLE, on FIRST ST., above Smithfield.

HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
mh27:1w **HOWARD & SON Proprietors.**

HOTEL.

W. C. D. WHIPS. J. N. WILLARD. GEO. ANDERSON.

WILLARD HOTEL,

Opposite the Court House,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

Just completed, newly fitted and furnished.

WHIPS, WILLARD & CO. Proprietors.
ap3:2w

ROOMS AND BOARD.

ROOMS AND BOARD.—Unfurnished Rooms can be had, with Board, by a gentleman and wife, in Allegheny, on the line of the Passenger Railway, by addressing M. F., this office. References exchanged. mh28:tf

DENTISTRY

JOSEPH ADAMS, Dentist, Con-stantly's Building, corner of DIAMOND and GRANT streets, Pittsburgh. REFERENCES, Dr. A. H. Pattison, Dr. Mulford, Philadelphia, Boston, Russel &c.

SARATOGA WATER.

SARATOGA

STAR SPRING WATER.

In proof of the superior quality of this water over all others, the analysis of Prof. CHANDLER, of Union College, is here given:

Chloride of Sodium	378,962 grains.
Chloride of Potassium	9,229

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4, 1866.

ADVERTISING RATES
Established by the Press of Pittsburgh

STANDING MATTER,
One Square of Ten Lines, Eight Words to the Line, or 3-4 Inch Space.

TIME.	Daily.	3 L. & 1 week	2 L. & 1 week	1 L. & 1 week
One time	75			
Two times	1 25			
Three times	1 75			
Four times	2 20			
Five times	2 50			
Six times, one week	3 00	2 00	1 50	1 00
Seven times	3 46			
Eight times	4 00			
Nine times	4 10			
Ten times	4 25			
Eleven times	4 75			
Twelve times, 2 weeks	5 00	3 25	2 50	2 00
Three weeks	6 00	4 00	3 00	2 50
One month	9 00	6 00	4 50	3 00
Two months	15 00	10 00	8 00	5 00
Three months	20 00	14 00	10 00	7 00
Six months	35 00	25 00	16 00	11 00
One year	60 00	40 00	25 00	18 00

CHANGEABLE ONCE A WEEK.

One month	12 00	7 00	5 00	4 00
Two months	17 00	11 00	8 00	5 00
Three months	24 00	16 00	12 00	8 00
Six months	40 00	28 00	20 00	12 00
One year	72 00	48 00	36 00	24 00

LETTER FROM MOBILE.

MOBILE, ALA., March 27, 1866.

Editors Pittsburgh Gazette. This is by far the most inviting city in appearance I have yet visited in the South. The streets are generally lined on both sides with beautiful shade trees throughout their entire length, and the trees and shrubbery being already out in their summer array of foliage gives to the streets of the city a very picturesque appearance. The dwellings are generally set back a short distance from the streets, allowing space for shade trees and shrubbery, and surrounded on all sides by porches and verandas of every conceivable description. A dwelling house does not seem to be complete here unless well provided with verandas and surrounded by shade trees and arbors and flowers, to an extent which gives to many of the dwellings an arcadian appearance.

I took a drive last evening along the bay below the city on the celebrated shell road, which is doubtless one of the smoothest and best roads in the world. It is almost as smooth as a floor, and entirely free from dust. The road at that time was lined with equipages of the finest and gayest appearance, indicating that the better classes of society here, both ladies and gentlemen, are very partial to the pleasures of fast driving and horseback riding.

We had a fine view of Forts Gaines and Morgan, as we came up the Bay, with the Stars and Stripes flying gaily over them; also of the scene of Admiral Farragut's great conflict and victory. Many of the obstructions placed in the channel by the rebels to prevent the entrance of our fleet into the Bay are still visible, and I am informed that some of the torpedoes are still laying about loose somewhere in the Bay, rendering nervous people a little timid about traveling on steamboats, lest they should very unexpectedly be blown up some fine day.

I have met since I came here, among others, Mr. E. C. Branch, superintendent of the Freedmen's Schools at this place. His department in this city consists of six schools with eight assistant teachers, and about six or eight hundred pupils in attendance, and is under the control of the Western Freedmen's Aid Commission. He informs me, however, that the Commission has ceased to furnish any means for the support of teachers, and that he and his assistant teachers are supported exclusively by the colored people of the place, partly by the tuition paid by the pupils, and partly by means of the proceeds of school exhibitions and fairs given by the colored people.

He informed me that much of the prejudice which existed against these schools when they first started is gradually dying out, and that there is a portion of the community who are beginning to look kindly on the effort to educate the negroes. One of the leading ministers of the city has lately ventured to call on him and visit his schools, and has since preached a sermon to his congregation urging upon them the importance of caring for and educating the poor and and destitute children of the city without respect to color. This is, however, an exceptional instance, there being very few even among those who sympathize with the movement who will venture to compromise their standing and respectability in society by taking any open part in behalf of schools for colored people. What is called the radical southern party are again dominant and all powerful to control the action of the community, and it is the uniform testimony of every man with whom I conversed that they would cause the schools to be broken up and the teachers to be driven out of the place in less than one month, in case the United States troops were withdrawn.

There is also a class of people here who are very hostile to Northern men coming in and engaging in business. I am told by men from the North, who have rented or purchased plantations, and commenced the raising of cotton in districts where there are no United States troops, that the only terms upon which they are permitted to stay is that they shall not take any part in politics, or undertake to advocate any sentiment unpalatable to the Southern people. They say, however, that where they abstain from taking any part in public affairs, but stay at home and attend exclusively to their plantations, they are generally, if prudent men, left unmolested.

The Southern planters in this State, with whom I have conversed, say there will be a much larger crop of cotton cultivated this year than was at first expected. They say that all hands, "niggers and all," are now as busy as they can be putting in the crop, and that the "niggers" are working better than they did last year, and better, they confess, than they ever imagined free negroes could be made to work. Negroes, however, do not receive the same wages for the same kind and amount of work that white laborers receive. In the interior of the State, the planters are paying colored laborers from six to eight dollars per month, while they pay white men from twelve to fifteen dollars. The best of the planters discriminate against the blacks, who do most of the field labor and other hard work for less wages than are paid to other laborers, for easier and less objectionable kinds of labor. Altogether, however, things seem to be working favorably. If the troops are not withdrawn, and the employers continue to feel that the Government will compel them to do at least partial justice to the blacks, where they will not do it voluntarily, and the blacks are assured, through the Freedmen's Bureau, that if they work they shall be paid, and shall have fair play in their dealings, and protection to their persons and property; in a short time the free labor system will become thoroughly established and able to take care of itself. Add to this a thorough prosecution of the educational movement among both the whites and blacks of the south, and guarantee the right of suffrage to the blacks upon the same terms that it is exercised by the whites, and the day will soon come when the troops may be withdrawn and there will be real as well as apparent peace throughout the country. But withdraw the troops now, admit the seceded States back into the Union without giving the ballot to the negro, allow the exrebels to close the colored schools and drive out the teachers as well as all northern men who cease to exercise the freeman's right of openly speaking and voting as he pleases, commit the destinies of these States at once into the hands of the men who fomented and carried on the rebellion, and you will throw away half the fruits of the great victories which our soldiers achieved in the field. Instead of encouraging the peace and industry and thrift which are now spreading over the south, it would be throwing the south back again into anarchy and mob law. It would discourage and demoralize the blacks, and render the late enemies of the government as powerful, arrogant and dangerous as ever.

It was my intention to go from this city across the State of Georgia to Savannah, and thence north by way of Charleston and Richmond, but I have received such discouraging accounts of the condition of the railroads and the miserable manner in which the hotels are kept on that route that I have concluded to return to New Orleans and join a party of friends who are about returning to New York by sea, which will also afford an opportunity of stopping a day or two at Havana as we return.

Very truly yours, E. H. IRISH.

THE Xania *Torchlight* thus poetizes:

In Adam's fall
We sinned all:
In Johnson's rise
We did likewise.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

AYER'S PILLS—Are you sick, feeble and complaining? Are out of order with pain, depression and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the precude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous action, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and deranges its natural functions. Unless it not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering and derangement in this condition, take Ayer's Pills, and see how quickly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint is also true in many of the deep seated and dangerous disorders. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly and surely cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure—such as Headache, Foul Stomach, Dysentery, Biliousness, Indigestion, Disordered Derangement of the Liver, Costiveness, Constipation, Heartburn, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Worms and Suppression, when taken in large doses.

They are Sugar Coated, so that the most sensitive can take them easily, and they are surely the best purgative medicine yet discovered.

AYER'S AGUE CURE,

For the speedy cure of *Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague the Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache and Bilious Headache, and bilious Fevers, indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in faulty derangement, caused by the Malaria of miasmatic countries.*

This remedy has rarely failed to cure the severest cases of Chills and Fever, and has this great advantage over other Ague medicines, that it subdues the complaint without injury to the patient. It contains no mercury, nor any other noxious substance, nor does it produce quinism or any injurious effect whatever. Shaking brothers of the army and the west, try it and be cured of your afflictions.

Prepared by J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., and sold by E. A. FAHNESTOCK'S SON & CO., and by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine. mh16 2mos&wF

RETROVEY'S TURKISH
THE DRESSING AND RESTORER OF THE AGE
TURKISH BANDOLENIAN.

RETROVEY'S TURKISH BANDOLENIAN. What can be more acceptable than anything that will beautify? that will restore nature's decay by stopping the hair from falling out, and by its natural coloring, adding it to grow in luxuriance and beauty, assist in putting it up according to the present style and fashion and keep it in place? *Retrovey's Turkish Bandolenian Hair Tonic* will do, and for proof we refer you to any person who has tried it. It is acknowledged to be the beautifier of the age, as only a Hair Tonic and Restorer worthy of the name. In Turkey, in France, England, and America, everywhere where the "Bandolenian" is known it is pronounced the *ne plus ultra* of Hair Preparations. Remember, it is free from all mineral poisons that are contained in most Hair Colors and dressings. It is the only one of many flowers and herbs, beautifully put up, an unsurpassed article for the toilet.

For sale by all Druggists and Perfumers, wholesale, by R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
Principal Depot for United States and Canadas,
JAMES PALMER & CO.,
No. 42 Market street,
Philadelphia.

PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS,
HUBBARD, BRO. & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT GROUND CIRCULARS,
Warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description. Mill, Muley, Gang-cut, Gang, and all other sawing.

All kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS, made from Sheet Cast-Steel; Extra Refined REAPER AND MOWER KNIVES, &c.

Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SHORT STREETS, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and straightening Circular Saws; also, repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. ap25:1y

LAKE SUPERIOR
COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS
PITTSBURGH.
PARK, McCURDY & CO.

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOILER COPPER, PRESSED BOILER HEADS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPELTER SOLDER, Also, importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES and TOOLS. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST and 126 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my28:1yd&wT

WM. BARNHILL & CO.
Boiler Makers & Sheet Iron Workers,
Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn street.

Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. CHIMNEYS, BREECHING, FIRE BEDS, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, SAL AMMONIAC PANS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILER IRON, BRIDGES, SUGAR PANS, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice. de18:1y

ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER),
WASHINGTON WORKS,
Founders & Machinists, Pittsburgh.

Manufacturers of MARINE AND STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES, BLAST ENGINES, MILL MACHINERY, GEARING, SHAFTING, CASTINGS of all descriptions, also SQUARE and STILTS, BOILER AND SHEET IRON WORK.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR, or feeding boilers.

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS,
OF BOTH SEXES.—A reverend gentleman having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing some of the most distressing and unnecessary mode of treatment without success, considers it his sacred duty to commonicate to his afflicted fellowbeings the means employed. Hence, on the receipt of an addressed envelope, he will send, *free*, a copy of the prescription used.

Address Dr. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, N. Y. mh11:1y&wT

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.,
Manufacturers of IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, IRON RAILING, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 91 SECOND and 86 THIRD STREET, between Wood and Market, having on hand a variety of new patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.

Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice.

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER;
OR,
AN ESSAY OF WARNING AND INSTRUCTION FOR YOUNG MEN. Also, new and reliable treatment of the Urinary and Sexual System. Address Dr. J. SKILLEN HOUGHTON, Howar Association, Philadelphia, Pa. ap4:1y

SENT FREE.—A Pamphlet of immense importance to the old and young, married and single, of both sexes, will be sent free by addressing with stamp enclosed, the Agents, A. KENDRICK & CO., Box 78, Boston Post Office. ap3:1y&w

MANUFACTURERS.

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HUGH M. BOLE.....HUNTER OBR.
HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,
FOUNDERS, ENGINE BUILDERS AND MACHINISTS. Manufacturers of Land and Marine Engines, LOCOMOTIVES for Coal Works, OIL WELL ENGINES, and every kind of Machinery, made to order. All work warranted. CASTINGS or every description made to order. Repairing Machinery promptly attended to.

SHOP, CORNER OF POINT ALLEY AND BANKS ON ALLEGHENY RIVER, near the Point, Pittsburgh, Pa. fe22:6mdh

ARSENAL GLASS WORKS.
MODES, RYRIE & CO.,

Manufacturers of BLACK and GREEN GLASS WARE, Druggists' Ware, Bottles, Demijohns, Carboys, &c. Warehouse—No. 148 WATER STREET, between Smithfield and Grant streets, Pittsburgh, Penna.

We warrant our Ware to be superior to any manufactured east of the Mountains. Always on hand, Glassware of the above description. All orders promptly attended to. Particular attention paid to private moulds. ap3:1y

S. SEVERANCE, No. 58 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh, manufacturer of BOILER RIVETS, WROUGHT SPIKES, common and railroad of every description.

Particular sizes or shaped Spikes and Rivets, large or small, made to order at short notice. A good assortment constantly on hand.

THOS. SEVERANCE.....OMER WRIGHT

COLLINS & WRIGHT, Brittania Brass and Sheet Metal Workers, Brittania Casters, Carbon and Lard Oil Burners, and all differe Styles of Lamps, stand by this Manufactory Orders promptly filled. No. 129 SECOND STREET Pittsburgh, Penna. oct7:1y

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FORTY YEARS PRACTICE
IN SEXUAL DISEASES

Gives he a knowledge seldom acquired by Physicians. In this department he has had the amount of patients treated annually by me, are sufficient proof of my success.

SPERMATORRHŒA, or Sexual Weakness, and all diseases arising therefrom, are cured in a much shorter time than heretofore by my NEW VEGETABLE REMEDIES. Medicines sent to any part of the Union.—All letters must contain a stamp to pay return postage. Correspondence held sacred. Office, 26 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh. Diagnod Address, J. W. ERANSTRUP, M. D.
InBrief No. 26, Pittsburgh, Pa.

PRIVATE DISEASES.
OFFICE 258, PENN STREET, near Hand.

For the cure of all diseases of a private nature, in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also, Seminal Weakness, and all other diseases of the genital organs and their prevention Cure warranted or money refunded.

Office hours—7 to 10 A. M., 1 to 3, and 6 to 8 P. M. Address letters W., 258½ Penn street. no1m

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DRUM & SLACK,
Have on hand a Large Assortment of
MOWING MACHINES,
HORSE RAKES,
STRAW CUTTERS,
SCYTHES AND
HAY RAKES,
No. 28 and 30 Ohio St., Allegheny

HORTICULTURAL.

PITTSBURGH NURSERY
AND OAKLAND GREENHOUSES.
JOHN S. & A. MURDOCH,
Successors to Jas. Kirkpatrick & Co.,
NURSERYMEN AND FLORISTS, Pittsburgh, Pa. Solicit attention to their extensive stock of fruit and ornamental trees, evergreens, grape vines and greenhouse plants.

Pittsburgh and Allegheny Passenger Cars run to the Greenhouses every minute.

PORK PACKERS.

JAMES LIPPINCOTT,
Pork Packer,

Dealer in S. C. HAMS, BACON, BARREL PORK DRIED BEEF, LARD, LARD OIL, GREASE, TALLOW, &c., would respectfully solicit a share of the trade. No. 2 SEVENTH STREET, Pittsburgh. fe7:1m&w

PAINTERS.

WILLIAM H. BROWN,
(Late of the firm of BROWN & MORROW,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
North East corner of Third and Market Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE,
LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM HENDERSON.

Brilliant Ovation of the great Comedian of the age,
MR. JOHN BROUGHAM.
WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY EVENINGS
will be presented the very excellent Drama, dramatized by John Brougham, from Dickens' celebrated novel of
DAVID COPPERFIELD.
Wilkins Micawber.....Mr. John Brougham.
Overture, Medley.....Orchestra.
To conclude with the screaming Farce, entitled
IRISH MESMERISM.

In rehearsal, A GENTLEMAN FROM IRELAND and Brougham's POCAHONTAS.

Friday, Benefit of JOHN BROUGHAM, when the Orchestra will perform Mr. Brougham's celebrated Musical composition, THE BOBOLINK POLKA.

OPERA HOUSE.
LESSEE AND MANAGERESS.....ANNIE EBERLE.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, the great five act Tragedy of
MACBETH, KING OF SCOTLAND.
Lady Macbeth.....Miss Annie Eberle.
Macbeth.....W. H. Leak.
With all the Original Music.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON,
The Huntress of the Mississippi.
25 cents to all parts of the house.

MASONIC HALL.

BLIND TOM,
THE WONDERFUL
BLIND BOY PIANIST,
Will give a Series of his
REMARKABLE CONCERTS,
COMMENCING
Monday Evening, April 2, 1866.
Admission.....50 cents.
Reserved Seats.....75 cents.
To be had at the Hall daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

N. B.—The STEINWAY CONCERT GRAND PIANO used on this occasion is kindly furnished by H. KLEBER & BRO., No. 122 Wood street. mh24:1d

NEW CLASSES ARE FORMING AT PROF. COWPER'S
Fashionable Dancing Academy,
WILKINS HALL, Fourth street. Days of Tuition, TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY. Ladies, Masters and Misses, three (3) P. M.; Gentlemen's class, eight (8) in the evening. Wilkins Hall to rent when disengaged by classes. Apply to PROF. COWPER, at the Hall. mh22:1w

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT,
WILKINS HALL.
Is large enough, and not too large by twice—is central in location, and moderate in price.

WILKINS HALL, Fourth street, near Smithfield, is best adapted for Concerts, Lectures, Balls, &c., and Select Parties will find the floor in nearly waxed, and is the best and cleanest dancing floor in the city. Terms reasonable. Apply to
PROF. COWPER, at the Hall.
mh22:2wd

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GOLD 125.
BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS
At Corresponding Prices.

We have made still greater reduction on the pric of goods, and are now prepared to sell
BOOTS & SHOES
At prices that cannot fail to please every one. Call to-day and be convinced, at
J. H. & W. C. BORELAND'S,
No. 98 Market street,
Second door from Fifth. mh31

A FULL ASSORTMENT
OF
Ladies', Misses', Gent's and Boy's
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,
Balmorals, &c.,
CLOSING OUT AT
GREAT BARGAINS,
AT
J. A. ROBINSON & CO.'S,
No. 61 Market Street,
mh29 LADIES', GENT'S
AND
CHILDREN'S
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,
BALMORALS,
Slippers, &c.,
AT
T. A. M'CLELLAND'S
AUCTION EMPORIUM,
Nos. 55 and 57
Fifth Street,
Private Sales Day and Evening.
mh10

BARGAINS IN
BOOTS AND SHOES.

Having received our SPRING STOCK of GOODS, among which are all the LATEST STYLES OF LADIES' AND GENT'S

Boots, Gaiters, Balmorals, Polish Boots

And all styles of MISSES' AND CHILDRENS' SHOES, we feel confident that it will be to the interest of the buyer to call and examine our goods.

J. H. & W. C. BORLAND,
mh26 No. 98 Market street, 2d door from 5th st.

GRAND CLOSING OUT SALE
AT 92 FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
$10,000 WORTH OF BOOTS, SHOES,
Gaiters, Balmorals,
Polish Boots and Gums,

To be sold immediately, without regard to COST, to make room for Spring Goods. You are cordially invited to call and see the Goods.

W. K. McCLINTOCK,
mh22 92 Federal Street, Allegheny City.

J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.,
FOR
Ladies' Blamorals and Polish Boots.
mh7 No. 83 Market street.

J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.,
FOR
Ladies' Gaiters.
mh7 No. 83 Market street.

J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.,
FOR
Gent's Fine Calf Boots.
mh7 No. 83 Market street.

LADIES', GENTS',
MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
Boots, Shoes and Gaiters,
AT COYLE'S, corner Fifth and Wylie streets.
Prices to suit everybody. no16

SEED WHEAT.

SPRING WHEAT FOR SEED.
Important to Farmers.

We have a small lot of very superior MINNESOTA SPRING WHEAT, selected with great care, and suitable for SEED. As the season for sowing Spring Wheat has nearly arrived, persons desirous of securing GOOD SEED would do well to apply soon, as the supply is limited.
HITCHCOCK, M'CREERY & CO.
mh21:3md&wF

SAW MILL.

POINT SAW MILL.—The under- signed have a STOCK OF TIMBER ON HAND, and are prepared to fill bills for Bridge, Boat or House Lumber, Pitmans, etc., etc.
RICHEY & PINKERINE,
corner Corry street and Allegheny River,
mh29:1wd Allegheny City.

CHEESE—200 boxes prime Go- shen Cheese for sale by J. B. CARFIELD.

FOR SALE—FOR RENT.

FOR SALE.—A Farm of 44 acres and thirty-six perches, situate in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Penna. The improvements are a hewed log dwelling and frame kitchen, bank barn and other out buildings; a good orchard of apple and peach trees; variety. The farm is underlaid with coal and limestone of the best quality; a fine stone quay, of a No. 1 quality; very easy of access to the Youghiogheny river, at Turtle Ferry. This small farm I am authorized to sell very low for cash.

Also, a farm of 117 acres, situate in Fallowfield township, Washington county, Pa., about 12 miles from the town of Beallsville. The improvements are, first, a two story frame house with five rooms; second, a two-and-a-half story hewed log house; third, a No. 1 new barn, 80 by 40 feet; a good spring house, three large orchards of different fruit, apple, peach, pear, plum, quinces, cherry, &c.; 90 acres cleared; the remainder in good timber. The land is level and of the very best quality, and will be sold at a reduced price.

Also, a farm of about 130 acres, in Fairfield township, Westmoreland Co., Pa. The improvements are a hewed log house with kitchen attached, a log barn and a tenant house; a good apple orchard of peaches and cherries; about 50 acres cleared, the remainder in the very best white oak timber. The land is good. The location is very healthy. This property I will sell very cheap. Possession immediately.

Also, at gold prices, a Farm of about 143 acres in Fallowfield township, Washington Co., Pa., about one mile east of Lock No. 4, on the Monongahela river. The improvements are a two story log and frame house, a frame barn, wagon shed and other out buildings; a generally good orchard of apples and other fruit trees; 110 acres of coal of the best quality, and a vein of the best limestone; convenient to churches, schools, stores, &c. This property I am authorized to sell very cheap.

Also, a farm of about 200 acres, situated in West Wheatfield Township, Indiana county, Penna. The improvements are a good, comfortable, two-story Frame House, with 6 rooms; large frame barn, carriage house, good corn crib, wash house, ice-house and a two-story stone spring house; about 150 acres cleared; a healthy and desirable location; also a good apple, peach, pear and quince trees. The fencing is generally good. The land is of a good quality, abundance of limestone, and is about 30 miles distance from coal. This property will be sold very cheap.

Also, a Farm of about 280 acres adjoining the above, in the improvements are a large two story Log House and a large frame barn; 175 acres cleared and under a good state of cultivation; a small apple orchard; a large two-story limily-house, and a grist mill would make a first-rate Stock Farm, or will be sold separately.

Also, the best farm in Fairfield township, Westmoreland county, Pa., containing 80 acres; about 6 miles from the R. R. at the junction of the Pittsburgh, Connellsville R. R., 11 miles from the city. There are about 100 acres of land cleared with the fodder, of which 70 acres are tillable and 30 acres timber. There is a good young Orchard of apple, peach and pear trees; two never-failing soft water springs of sufficient elevation to carry the water to a height of 100 feet. The property is capable of sub-division into lots for convenience of purchasers. Apply to
S. S. BRYAN,
Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,
57 Fourth street, (Burke's Building.)
mh12

FOR SALE.
VALUABLE COAL LAND.

Will be sold TO-DAY at reduced prices. This land is situate in Westmoreland county, Penna., on the North-Western Pennsylvania Railroad, about two miles east of Apollo, and contains a large and valuable veins of COAL. 3 FEET 10 INCHES and FIRE CLAY and very complete WATER POWER.

For further particulars inquire at the Law and Claim Office of
W. J. & HALL PATTERSON,
No. 144 Fourth St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
de18

FOR SALE—A Farm, containing about 200 acres, situate in Jefferson township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the Monongahela river, one mile from the Borough of West Elizabeth. The improvements are a two story Brick House with six rooms, 2 attics, with six rooms and a good cellar, corn cribs, wagon sheds and other outbuildings; about 50 acres of the very best river bottom. This property is well located for gardening purposes, and will be sold at a very reduced price. Call quickly and secure one of the best farms on the Monongahela river. G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent, No. 100 Fourth street. ja16:tf

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.
Two two-story Brick Houses, containing four rooms each, situate on Wilson street, Birmingham. One large Lot fronting on Carson street, East Birmingham, 20 by 100 feet, whereon is erected three Frame Business Stands. The business stand is unexcelled in the two boroughs. Possession given immediately. For further information, terms, &c., call on or address the undersigned at No. 110 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.
A. M. BROWN,
JNO. S. LAMBIE,
Attorneys at Law.
ap2:1f

FOR SALE—One Lot 20 feet front on Penna. Avenue by 110 feet to Watson street; two-story Brick Dwelling on rear of lot.

Also, one lot 20 feet front on Summer street, Pitt township, by 100 deep, on which is erected a two-story Frame Dwelling.

Also, eleven lots adjoining the above, 20 by 80 to 100 feet.
JOHN D. BAILEY,
Stock and Real Estate Broker,
Wilkins Hall, Fourth street.
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CHEAP FARMS FOR SALE—No. 1 contains 100 acres, in Derry township, Westmoreland county, near Derry Station; house, barn and orchard. Price, $2,500. Easy payments. Apply at once.

No. 2 contains 72 acres, in Burrell Tp., Westmoreland county, well improved; good dwelling; one of the best barns in the county; well watered; first-class land for stock farm; offered at the low price of $50 per acre. Apply to
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DWELLING HOUSE ON WYLIE STREET FOR SALE.—That large and well finished three story Brick Dwelling on Wylie street near Fifth, finished in modern style, containing 1 rooms, kitchen, range, bath room, hot and cold water and furnace throughout the building. This is one of the most desirable properties for dwelling or boarding purposes now offered for sale. Possession April 1st. Terms reasonable. Apply to
ja30:tf S. McLAIN & CO., 102 Fourth street.

DON'T PAY RENT, but call and purchase a very cheap lot in the village of Mount Washington, build yourself a house, become a landlord, and save money. Call and examine the valuable lots which I am authorized to sell on very easy terms. For further particulars enquire of
G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent,
ja31:tf No. 100 Fourth Street.

FOR SALE—155 acres of Coal, situate in Smith township, Washington county, Penna., near the line of the Pittsburgh & Steubenville Railroad, at Midway Station, about 21 miles from the city. For further particulars, enquire of G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent, No. 100 Fourth street, or to WILLIAM C. CAMPBELL, on the premises. ja29:tf

FOR SALE—Four 2-story Frame Dwellings, on Fayette street.

Also, three lots on Watson street, 20 by 112 feet to Forbes street.
JOHN D. BAILEY,
Stock and Real Estate Broker,
Wilkins Hall, Fourth street.
ap2

FOR SALE—A two-story Brick Dwelling of 7 rooms, hall, and vestibule, three years built, with lot 45 by 120 feet, situate on Ewalt street, Lawrenceville, all in complete order. For further information, terms, &c., apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of G. S. BATES,
mh3 Butler street, Lawrenceville.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION—No. 55 WESTER STREET FOR SALE.—A neat well built two story Brick House, of hall, 4 rooms, all well papered and painted; cellar and finished attic, with lot 20 feet front, running back to Enoch street, near Roberts street. Price, $2,700.

Also, a House and lot on Mt. Washington for $1,600. S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 51 Market st.

CHEAP BUILDING LOT FOR SALE in the Seventh Ward, having a front on Dinwiddie street of 156 feet, and extends back along the line of Reed street 100 feet; well situated for a large manufacturing site. Will sell at a low figure; terms easy. Apply to
B. McLAIN & CO.

DWELLING & LOT OF GROUND, hall, four rooms, two cellars, finished attic, situate in Third Ward, Allegheny. Price $2,100. Possession at 3 months.
S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 51 Market st.
mh28

320 ACRES OF LAND in Mollin- ger county, Missouri, to offered at $5 an per acre. Apply to S. McLAIN & CO.
mh30

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**FOR

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4, 1866.

ROBINSON, McCLEAN & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

No. 75 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh,

Dealers in all kinds of Government Securities, Gold and Silver, Uncurrent Bank Notes, Foreign and Domestic Exchange, etc., etc., etc.

Deposits received in Par Funds and Currency. Interest allowed on time deposits. Collections made in all parts of the United States on most favorable terms.

Orders executed with fidelity for everything in the business at the Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh Brokers' Boards strictly on commission.

Draw on H. CLEWS & CO., New York, J. COOKE & CO., Philadelphia; Messrs. C. D. & T. H. PERKINS, Boston.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

TUESDAY, April 3, 1866.

The only sale of stocks at McClelland's Auction Rooms this afternoon was a lot of 60 shares of Boatmen's Insurance at 27½—which is 2½ above its par value. Other stocks were bid on, but below the limit. For a small lot of Allegheny Suspension Bridge Company stock, $40 a share was bid, and the National Bank of Commerce was held at $115, and the holder refused an offer for it close up to the limit.

The loan bill, it is believed, will be reported by the Finance Committee of the Senate this week, but the measure, for the present, attracts but little attention. It is rumored that the publicity clause will be extended so as to require all Government transactions in gold and bonds to be published beforehand by due notice. As it now stands, the bill is considerably altered from its shape as originally reported to the House. The opposition to the foreign clause was very decided. It was regarded that we had succeeded in bearing the expenses of the war from our own resources, and that, now the crisis had passed away, there was no sufficient reason for resorting to foreign aid to meet the comparatively slight obligations for which we are liable. It should be noted, however, that the act of March 3, 1865, to which the proposed bill is an amendment, authorizes the Secretary to negotiate for money at his discretion, to redeem the interest-bearing temporary obligations of the Government, elsewhere than in the United States. But this authority limits the Secretary to the negotiation of Federal bonds, payable principal and interest in Federal money—a very different measure to that contemplated in the original objectionable foreign loan clause, which has been expunged by the House, and which was scarcely supported by a respectable majority. But the bill is still sufficiently wide in its operation. It does not, indeed, give the Secretary all the power granted in the original bill, but it leaves him enough for all practical purposes. The bill as it now stands virtually authorizes the consolidation of the entire volume of our indebtedness into a five per cent. gold-bearing stock. This may be effected by the exchange of one loan stock for another, on such terms as may be agreed upon between the Government and the bondholder, or by the absolute purchase of the bonds at the market price.

—Sale of Stocks and Bonds, on Tuesday evening, April 24, at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, by A. McIlvaine, auctioneer:

M. & M., National Bank	65 00
Boatmen's Insurance Co	26 75

—It seems to be difficult to keep the price of gold down in New York. There is a large short interest outstanding, and sellers are chary to ing from day to day instead of covering. If an attempt were made to buy gold to cover the contracts, which are said to amount to $40,000,000, the price, of course, would advance largely. Therefore sellers are borrowing instead of buying, and holders of gold are making large profits by lending. This is the cause of the upward movement. Aside from it there seems to be little inducement to encourage speculation for a rise. On the first of May, if not sooner, the Government will disburse $50,000,000 in payment of the 7-30 compound notes.

—The Import entries at New York for the past week, including the dry goods return, amount to $5,673,368, against the total entries of $3,011,675 same week last year. The exports of domestic produce amount to $6,137,268, against $2,130,742 same week last year. The export of specie amounts to $3,500 against $87,398 same week last year. The coin receipts the week are $2,197,766. The receipts of cotton coastwise and by railroad, are 11,420 bales. The number of emigrant passengers arrived during the week, 3,116.

—Irving, Penn & Co.'s failure is attracting less attention at New York, as it is stated that all the debts owing there are amply protected by collateral securities. The notes of the National Banks which are involved, will of course be paid by the Treasury at Washington, should the banks be wound up.

—Holders of notes upon "broken" national banks should not sell them at a discount, for they are better than many notes upon the solvent banks, being redeemable in legal tenders under the law.

—The following notice that any such association has failed to redeem any of its circulating notes, as specified in the next preceding section, the Comptroller of the Currency shall, within thirty days after he shall have received notice of such failure, declare the United States bonds and securities pledged by such association forfeited to the United States, and the same shall thereupon be forfeited accordingly; and thereupon the Comptroller shall immediately give notice, in such manner as the Secretary of the Treasury shall, by general rules or otherwise, direct, *to the holders of the circulating notes of such associations to present them for payment at the Treasury of the United States*, and the same shall be paid as presented."

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, April 3, 1866.

CATTLE—The market for Cattle was quite active and firm this week, and notwithstanding the arrivals were larger than for several weeks past, the demand was quite brisk, and all the Cattle on sale changed hands. The whole number on sale reached about eight hundred head, mostly from Chicago, possibly some few small straggling droves from Ohio and Indiana, and, as already stated, the demand was more active than usual, both butchers and shippers buying pretty freely and, too, at an advance, as compared with the rates current last week. Extra quality Cattle was also better than usual, which, of course, had a tendency to make up for the advance in price, and drovers allege that they cost in the west was greater than for several weeks previous. We quote as follows: Prime to Extra retailing Cattle, 7@8c cts. gross; medium to good, 6½@7; and common, 5@6c.

SHEEP—Market steady with a fair retail demand, and with light arrivals, prices are well sustained, though not quotably higher. Prime fat mutton Sheep may be quoted at 6@6½c gross, in a retail way. Merrick & Dodd sold 100 head averaging 84 lbs, to L H Offner, at 6¾, and there were some other sales, the particulars of which we were unable to get.

HOGS—Quiet but steady, with a fair retail demand, while prices remain about as last week, selling at from 9½ to 10c for fair to good averages. Phillips & Co. sold 31 head to Emick & Co. at $9.40.

REPORTED SALES OF CATTLE.

retailed 21 head at 5@7½. Carr & Reis & Co. 45 at 5@7. Emerick & Co. 24 head at 5@7. McAlpin, Berry & Glass sold 72 head of prime 6@6¾ to Barney Grey at 7,30, retailed 42 head at 7@8. Merrick & Dodd sold 25 head of Logan at 5½@7¼. Merrick & Dodd sold 25 head of extra Western steers, averaging about 1500 lbs, to Barney Grey, at 8 cts; retailed 15 head at 5½@7½. Greenwald & Kahn retailed 31 head at 6¾ to 8—(the members of this firm are great admirers of fine cattle, and they usually have the best in market.) Myers & Bro. retailed 102 head at 5½@7¾. Marks & Trautman, 74 head at 6½@7½. L. Rotchkies & Co. sold Barney Grey 18 head prime cattle at 7¾, and James Martin sold 18 head of good cattle to same buyer at 7 1/2@7½. Crouse & Hays retailed 35 head at 5¼@7¼.

New York Cattle Market.

NEW YORK, April 3.—The following are the quotations at all the yards: Beef Cattle, first quality, per head, $176@18; fair to good quality, $16@17; common quality, $14@15,00; inferior quality, $12@13,50. Cows and Calves, extra, per head, $80@100; first quality, $70@80; ordinary quality, $55@75; common quality, $40@50; inferior quality, $30@35,00. Veal Calves, first quality, per pound, 14@14½; ordinary quality, 13@14c; common quality, 10½@13c; inferior, 10@10½c. Sheep and Lambs, prime quality, 7@8c; ordinary, $5,50@6,50; common, $4@5,50; inferior, $4,75@5. Swine, heavy, corn-fed, per pound, 10½@11¼; light and medium, 11@11¾; still-fed, 10@10½.

There was a liberal increase in the receipts of Beef Cattle, which has brought its usual result, and we have to report a marked decline in prices, though the advance established last week was not lost; prices fell from 1 to 1½, moving on the lower grades. Veals and Sheep were rather scarce and brought full prices; the range was from 12@18½, with occasional sales at 19c, but the average prices were about ½c lower on the different grades sold at the above prices. Milch Cows were in limited demand at from $40@100. Veals steady, with a fair demand at 10@14c. Sheep and Lambs were in full demand, at full prices. Total receipts for the week: 6,087 beeves, 115 cows, 975 veals, 17,573 sheep and lambs, 6,468 swine.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

PHILADELPHIA, April 2.—Beef Cattle are in fair demand this week at a further advance. About 1,600 head arrived and sold at the Avenue Drove Yard, at 16@17 cents for extra, the latter rate for choice; 14@15½ cents for fair to good, and 10@13 cents per lb for common as to quality.

Sheep—Are in fair demand at former rates. 800 head arrived and sold at from 7@8 cents per lb gross as to quality.

Hogs—Prices are without change, about 1,500 head sold at the different yards at from $13@15 the 100 lbs net.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, April 3.—Cotton heavy and drooping. Sales of two thousand bales of low Middling at 34@36c. Sales for three days 5,400. Receipts for four days 12,000 against 9,400 for the corresponding period of last week. Receipts to-day 140. Exports for three days 13,600. Stock 173,630. Sugar and Molasses nominal and unchanged. Gold 25¾. Sterling 35¾. New York Bank checks ⅜ discount. Freights to New York ¼; Liverpool ⅛ to 9-16; Havre ⅛ to ¼.

Cincinnati Seed Market.

CINCINNATI, April 2.—The market for clover is firmer, and prime samples are difficult to buy at less than $5,25, though this is above the views of buyers, who generally confine their offers to $5,14@5,20. Timothy is scarce and firm at $3,40@3,50 for prime. Flax commands $2,25. Hemp is steady at $3,75@4,00.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY April 3, 1866.

The produce markets continue dull, notwithstanding the weather has turned quite pleasant, and is all that could possibly be desired for the transaction of out door business.

GROCERIES—The Grocery market is reported a shade steadier, though there is no material change in prices. Cuba Sugar is selling at 12 to 13; Porto Rico, 13 to 14; Crushed, ing at 12 to 13; Porto Rico, 13 to 14; Crushed, 17¼@17¾; "A" and "B" Coffee Sugars, 15 to 16. Rye Coffee is held at 25 to 28, for common to prime. Molasses dull, and Porto Rico may be quoted nominal at 75 to 80. Rice remains unquoted nominal at 7½ to 8c. Rice remains unchanged at 10@.

GRAIN—Wheat is quiet and unchanged. Oats steady with regular sales from store at 45 @46; sale of 45 sks, on track, at 43. Barley is in fair sale of 45 sks, on track, at 43. Barley is in fair sale of 45 sks, on track, at 43. Barley is in improved demand and prime Spring and Fall sells readily at 75 for the former, and 90 for the latter. Sale of 100 sks prime Ear Corn on wharf, at 66; small sales from store at 65@70.

FLOUR—Is steady, with a fair local demand, but unchanged. Sales from store, at $8@8⅝; for spring; $8@8⅝; for half spring and half Winter, and $10,40@10,50 for all Winter. Rye Flour, $8@8⅝.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is in a little more active demand but unchanged. Sales at 13¾ for shoulders; 15½ for Ribbed Sides; and 21@21¾ for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard is quoted at 18@ 18½, and Mess Pork at $28@28½.

SEEDS—Clover Seed is selling in a small way at $5½, and Timothy at $3½. Flaxseed is wanted at $2,20, and the arrivals continue very light.

BUTTER—The demand seems to be falling off somewhat, and the tendency is toward lower prices. We now quote at 40 to 50, for common to prime Roll.

EGGS—Supply somewhat in excess of the demand; sales at 20 to 21 per doz.

CHEESE—Is quoted at 23@24 for Hamburg, and 25 for Goshen.

MILL FEED—Dull; sales from store at 90 to $1 for Shorts; $1,00@1,10 for Seconds, and $1,40 for Middlings.

POTATOES—There is quite an active demand, and the market is firm at $1,25 per bush and $3,75 per bbl.

HAY—May be quoted at from $15 to $18 for common to medium, and $20 to $24 for good to prime Timothy.

SALT—Is very dull but not quotably lower; it is still held $2,00@2,05, by the car load.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE TUESDAY, April 3, 1866.

CRUDE—The transactions in Crude were quite large to-day, larger than for several days past, and as the market was somewhat excited, holders experienced no difficulty in realizing the advance partially established on Monday. Sales of 1,100 bbls, on the spot, at 20; package included; 100 do do, at 20; 100 do at 20, 400 at 15, bids returned; 500 at 15; 2 bulk boats at 15, 700 bbls at 15, 500 at 15; 110 at 15, and 1500 for May delivery, seller's option, at 15. From the above transactions it will be seen that quotations may be fairly given at 15, bids returned, and 20, bids included. Included in the sales were several thousand barrels for a St. Louis Refinery.

REFINED—There was again quite an active demand for bonded oil to-day, and that, too, at the advance noted in our last report, but refiners are still holding off in anticipation that prices will still further advance. We now quote at 42 for April delivery, in Philadelphia, 43 for May, 44 for June, and 45 for July. We have not one sale reported, not 500 bbls for May, at the above. Oil is dull and entirely nominal—demand restricted entirely to supplying the wants of the retail trade.

ARRIVALS—The receipts still continue light, but as the river is again rising it is likely that the receipts will be larger within the next ten days. The following are reported arrivals since our last report:

Fisher & Bro	50	Jas Wilkins	320
W P Logan	90	Clark & co	50
Total			510

Finance and Trade in New York.

STOCKS AND MONEY.

NEW YORK, April 3.—Money more active at per cent. on call loans. Sterling Exchange has a better inquiry, at 109@109¾. Gold without decided change, opening at 125¾, declining to 125⅜, and closing at 125. Government Stocks strong.

Gold closed at 125⅜. No stock boards this afternoon. On the street Central was quoted at 91@91½, Erie 93@94, Reading 99@99¼, Michigan Southern 90@90½, Pittsburgh 75@76, Rock Island, 110@110½, Fort Wayne, 80@ 80½.

The Gold market closed steadily at 125@125⅛.

Considerable business was done in stocks. Michigan Southern was the feature and rose to 89@89¾, the balance of the market was weak and lower, especially on Erie. Fifth Avenue, Rock Island and Fort Wayne. The market for Petroleum and Gold shares was quiet, and very little change in prices. The Shade River speculation has been the victim of fraud, and wholesale charges of fraud were reiterated. A committee was appointed to investigate the matter and there will no doubt be some rich developments. It has been incorrectly hinted that this stock has been washed to such an extent that the stamps upon the certificates have become very pale and can hardly be recognized. Sales reported, 200 Oil Creek, 50 Pithole, 450 Shade River, 200 Erie.

DRY GOODS.

The following are the quotations at the Dry Goods Exchange: Market quite strong and active for some styles of domestic goods, with a fair trade doing. Prints—Allen, 19c; Allen's Extra, 20c; Merrimack, 20c; Pacific, 20c; Richmond, 19c; Spencer, 19c; Manchester, 20c; Hamilton, 19c; Lancaster, 19